

WARNING

You must return this paper with your answer book.



**Coimisiún na Scrúduithe Stáit
State Examinations Commission**

JUNIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2010

**HISTORY – ORDINARY LEVEL
(180 MARKS)**

WEDNESDAY, 16 JUNE – AFTERNOON, 2.00 – 3.30

CENTRE STAMP

EXAMINATION NUMBER

ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS 1, 2, 3 AND 4.

**ANSWER 1, 2 AND 3 ON THE SPACES PROVIDED ON
THE EXAMINATION PAPER.**

ANSWER 4 IN THE SEPARATE ANSWERBOOK.

PLEASE ENCLOSE THIS PAPER IN YOUR ANSWER BOOK

1. PICTURES (35 marks)

Study the pictures – A1, A2, B, C1 and C2 – which accompany this paper and then answer the following questions:

(a) PICTURES A1 and A2

Pictures A1 and A2 show archaeologists working on digs.

(i) What kind of work is being done by the people marked **X**?

.....
.....(3)

(ii) What is the woman marked **Y** doing?

.....
.....(3)

(iii) Name **one** thing which archaeologists have to be careful about when working on a dig.

.....
.....(3)

(b) PICTURE B

Picture B shows Christian monks working in a monastery.

(i) What kind of work is being done by the monks?

.....
.....(3)

(ii) What name is given to the room where the monks are working?
Tick (✓) the correct box below:

Scriptorium *Cloister* *Abbot*

(3)

(iii) Name the site of **one** early Irish monastery **and** a saint linked with that site.

Site:

Saint: (4)

(c) **PICTURES C1 and C2**

Pictures C1 and C2 show medieval castles.

- (i) What name is given to the style of castle seen in Picture C1?
..... (4)
- (ii) Give **one** reason why the castle seen in Picture C2 was built beside the river.
.....
.....(4)
- (iii) Why would the castle in Picture C2 have been easier to defend than the castle in Picture C1?
.....
.....(4)
- (iv) Apart from the building of castles, give **one** example of how the coming of the Normans affected Ireland.
.....
.....(4)

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2. DOCUMENTS
(35 marks)

Study the documents, **1A**, **1B** and **2**, which accompany this paper and then answer the following questions:

(a) Documents 1A and 1B

These are accounts of the reactions of different landlords in Mayo to the Great Famine (1845-51).

(i) In Document 1A, what did the landlord do to help his poor tenants?
.....
.....(3)

(ii) In Document 1B, why were the ‘wretched people’ trying to build sheds?
.....
.....(3)

(iii) What was the major difference between the reaction of the landlord in Document 1A and the reaction of the landlord in Document 1B?
.....
.....(3)

(iv) Give **two** results of the Famine.
.....
.....(4)

(v) Documents 1A and 1B are primary sources. What is meant by the term *primary source*?
.....
.....(4)

(b) **Document 2**

This is an extract from a memoir written by the writer, Frank O'Connor. It describes an incident that happened where he worked in Cork just under a hundred years ago. It shows the attitude of different people to the Irish language.

(i) Why did the man in the kilt come to the office counter?

.....
.....(2)

(ii) After Cremin, who went out to speak to him?

.....(2)

(iii) *'All right, Native, you'd better see what he wants.'*
Why was it that O'Connor (Native) was sent out to talk to him?

.....
.....(2)

(iv) Where was the man in the kilt from?

.....(2)

(v) What job did his father have?

.....(2)

(vi) Why was the man's decision to speak only Irish a cause of embarrassment for most of the men in the office?

.....
.....(4)

(vii) By ticking **one** of the boxes, choose the term which best describes the source from which Document 2 is taken and explain your choice.

Newspaper article *History textbook* *Autobiography*

.....
.....
.....(4)

3. SHORT-ANSWER QUESTIONS
(60 marks)

Answer **TEN** of the following questions. Each is worth 6 marks.

- (i) Which date is earlier, 54 B.C. or 42 A.D.?
.....(6)
- (ii) State **one** way that archaeologists decide where to dig.
.....
.....(6)
- (iii) Name **one** service which early Christian monasteries in Ireland gave to local people.
.....(6)
- (iv) State **two** dangers faced by people who lived in medieval towns.
.....
.....(6)
- (v) In a medieval town what was a *Guild*?
.....
.....(6)
- (vi) State **one** fact about the training which a knight received during the Middle Ages.
.....
.....(6)
- (vii) In the Middle Ages, what was the *Black Death*?
.....(6)
- (viii) Name **one** abuse which was present in the Catholic Church before the Reformation.
.....(6)
- (ix) Name **one** religious reformer whom you have studied **and** the city or country associated with him.
Reformer:
City or country:(6)
- (x) By ticking one of the boxes, choose **one** of the following terms from the history of the Reformation and explain it.

95 Theses Papal Bull Predestination

.....
.....(6)

- (xi) Name **one** Plantation which you have studied **and** the ruler who was responsible for it.
 Plantation: Ruler:(6)
- (xii) Name **two** effects which the plantations had on Ireland.

(6)
- (xiii) Give **one** reason why there was an Industrial Revolution in Britain.

(6)
- (xiv) Name **one** method of transport that was developed during the Industrial Revolution.
(6)
- (xv) By ticking one of the boxes, choose **one** of the following terms from the *Irish War of Independence* and explain it.
 Flying column *Auxiliaries* *The Squad*

- OR**
- Mention **one** major change in the lives of women since 1900.

(6)
- (xvi) From your study of *International Relations in the Twentieth Century*, give **one** reason why World War II broke out in 1939.

(6)
- (xvii) From your study of *International Relations in the Twentieth Century*, mention **one** historic event which followed from World War Two.
(6)
- (xviii) Name **one** important political leader, outside of Ireland, from the period 1945-1989 **and** the country he/she was involved with.
 Leader: Country:(6)
- (xix) By ticking one of the boxes, choose **one** of the following terms from *International Relations in the Twentieth Century* and explain it:
 Blitzkrieg *Cold War* *Empire* *Common Market*

(6)
- (xx) Give **one** reason why the information in historical documents sometimes can be wrong.

(6)

[Turn over

